

**Formidable Projects Made
Manageable**
by
Combining Risk Assessment Models in MS Excel

Ryan Beil, Blankinship & Associates, Inc.



What to Expect

- I. Risk assessment challenges
- II. Risk assessment solutions
- III. Example: CRANK
- IV. Benefits and Drawbacks



Risk Assessments Inputs

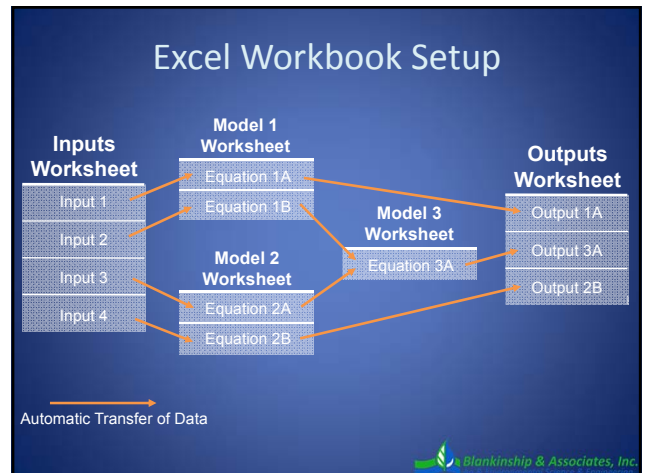
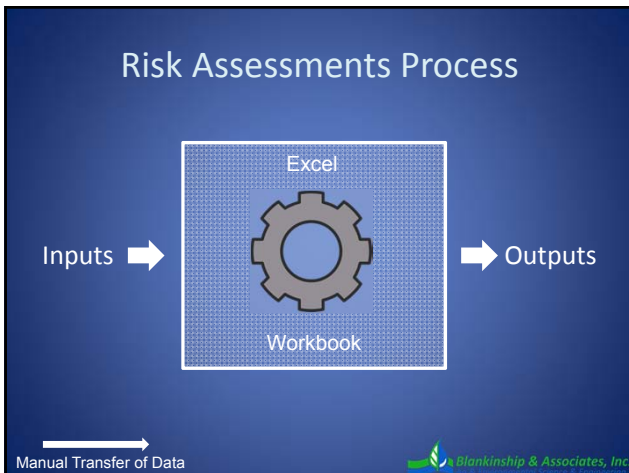
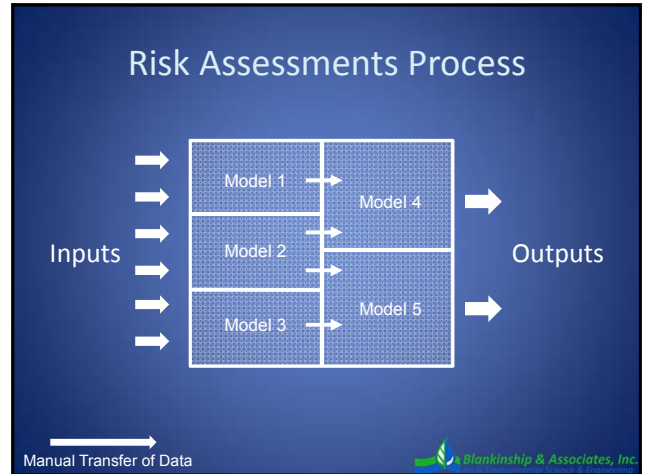
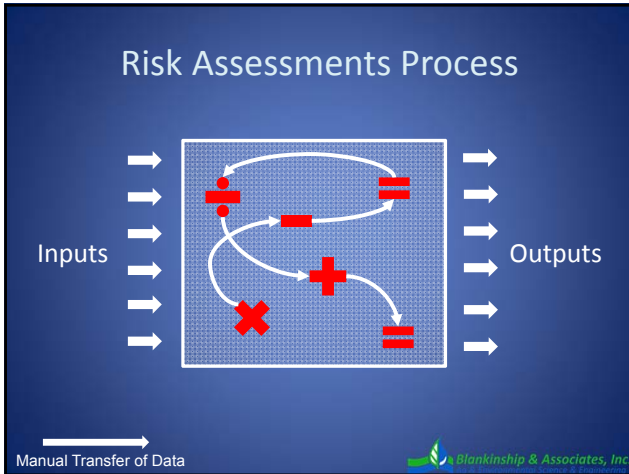
Application Scenario Details
Chemical Properties
Receptor Details
Exposure Factors
Toxicity Values



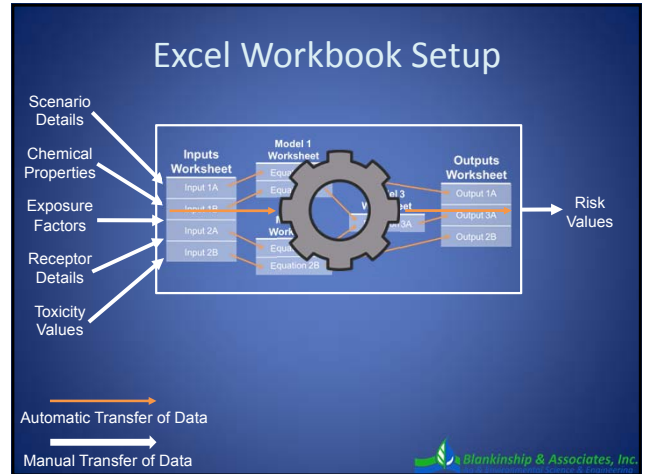
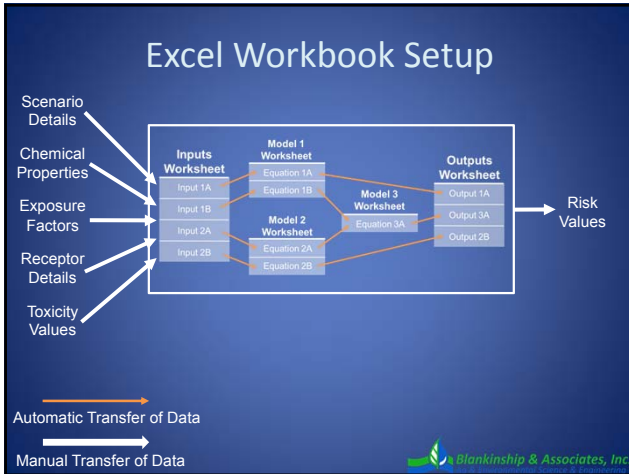
Risk Assessments Outputs

Risk Values





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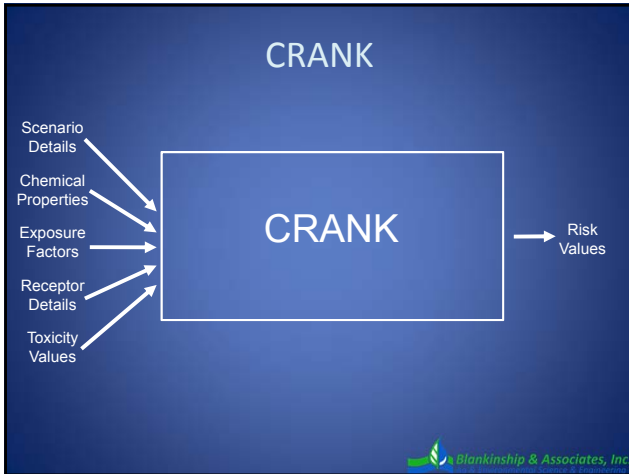
CRANK

Comprehensive Risk Analysis Kalculator

CRANK

- 107 Worksheets
- 5 Internal Models
- 3 External Models
- 10 Human Receptors
- 51 Ecological Receptors
- 69 Pest Control Products
- 213 Human Risk Scenarios
- 187 Ecological Risk Scenarios

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CRANK - Example

Standard Operating Procedures for Residential Pesticide Exposure Assessment (2012 Residential SOPs)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2012. Standard Operating Procedures for Residential Pesticide Exposure Assessment. Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention. Washington, D.C. Available <http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/science/residential-exposure-sop.html>.

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CRANK - Example

Application Input Worksheet

Risk Output Worksheet

Gardens and Trees SOP Dermal Postapplication - without DFR										Green cells = input required by assessor	
Levels of Concern										Dermal	
Dermal										100	
Calculations when chemical-specific DFR is available											
Formulation	Application Rate (lb ai/acre)	F ₀ (fraction of residue that is transferable to ac)	F _a (fraction of residue that dissipates per day)	t (day after application)	Weight unit conversion factor (ug/lb)	Area unit conversion factor (acre/10000)	DFR (ug/cm ²)				
Liquid	0	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	0.000				
Solid	0	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	0.000				
Gardens											
Formulation	Lifestage	DFR (ug/cm ²)	Weight unit conversion factor (mg/kg)	Transfer Coefficient (m ² /hr)	Exposure Time (hr)	Exposure (mg/kg-day)	Absorbed Dermal Dose (mg/kg-day)	Dermal MOE	Dermal MOE (rounded)		
Liquids	Adult	0.000	0.001	8.400	2.2	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		
	6 < 11 yrs	0.000	0.001	4.600	1.1	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		
Solids	Adult	0.000	0.001	8.400	2.2	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		
	6 < 11 yrs	0.000	0.001	4.600	1.1	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		

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CRANK - Example

Application Input Worksheet

Application Rate (lb ai/acre) =

Risk Output Worksheet

Dermal MOE =

Gardens and Trees SOP Dermal Postapplication - without DFR										Green cells = input required by assessor	
Levels of Concern										Dermal	
Dermal										100	
Calculations when chemical-specific DFR is available											
Formulation	Application Rate (lb ai/acre)	F ₀ (fraction of residue that is transferable to ac)	F _a (fraction of residue that dissipates per day)	t (day after application)	Weight unit conversion factor (ug/lb)	Area unit conversion factor (acre/10000)	DFR (ug/cm ²)				
Liquid	0	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	0.000				
Solid	0	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	0.000				
Gardens											
Formulation	Lifestage	DFR (ug/cm ²)	Weight unit conversion factor (mg/kg)	Transfer Coefficient (m ² /hr)	Exposure Time (hr)	Exposure (mg/kg-day)	Absorbed Dermal Dose (mg/kg-day)	Dermal MOE	Dermal MOE (rounded)		
Liquids	Adult	0.000	0.001	8.400	2.2	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		
	6 < 11 yrs	0.000	0.001	4.600	1.1	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		
Solids	Adult	0.000	0.001	8.400	2.2	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		
	6 < 11 yrs	0.000	0.001	4.600	1.1	0.000	0.000		#VALUE!		

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CRANK - Example

Application Input Worksheet
Application Rate (lb ai/acre) = **1**

Risk Output Worksheet
Dermal MOE = **3.12E+02**

Gardens and Trees SOP Dermal Postapplication - without DFR Green cells = input required by assessor

Levels of Concern	
Dermal	100

Calculations when chemical-specific DFR is available

Formulation	Application Rate (lb ai/acre)	F _a (fraction of transferable ai)	F _p (fraction of residues that dissipates per day)	t (day after application)	Weight unit conversion factor (kg/lb)	Area unit conversion factor (acre/cm ²)	DFR (ug/cm ²)
Liquid	1	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	2.779
Solid	0	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	0.000

Gardens

Formulation	Lifestage	DFR (ug/cm ²)	Weight unit conversion factor (mg/kg)	Transfer Coefficient (cm ² /hr)	Exposure Time (hr)	Exposure (mg/day)	Absorbed Dermal Dose (mg/kg-day)	Dermal MOE	Dermal MOE (rounded)
Liquids	Adult	2.779	0.001	8,400	2.2	51.221	0.042	3.12E+02	310
	6 < 11 yrs	2.779	0.001	4,600	1.1	14.060	0.439	4.23E+02	490
Solids	Adult	0.000	0.001	8,400	2.2	0.000	0.000	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
	6 < 11 yrs	0.000	0.001	4,600	1.1	0.000	0.000	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!

CRANK - Example

Application Input Worksheet
Application Rate (lb ai/acre) = **2**

Risk Output Worksheet
Dermal MOE = **3.58E+02**

Gardens and Trees SOP Dermal Postapplication - without DFR Green cells = input required by assessor

Levels of Concern	
Dermal	100

Calculations when chemical-specific DFR is available


Formulation	Application Rate (lb ai/acre)	F _a (fraction of transferable ai)	F _p (fraction of residues that dissipates per day)	t (day after application)	Weight unit conversion factor (kg/lb)	Area unit conversion factor (acre/cm ²)	DFR (ug/cm ²)
Liquid	2	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	5.558
Solid	0	0.25	0.1	0	450000000	0.0000000247	0.000

Gardens

Formulation	Lifestage	DFR (ug/cm ²)	Weight unit conversion factor (mg/kg)	Transfer Coefficient (cm ² /hr)	Exposure Time (hr)	Exposure (mg/day)	Absorbed Dermal Dose (mg/kg-day)	Dermal MOE	Dermal MOE (rounded)
Liquids	Adult	5.558	0.001	8,400	2.2	102.703	1.284	1.50E+02	140
	6 < 11 yrs	5.558	0.001	4,600	1.1	26.121	0.979	2.28E+02	230
Solids	Adult	0.000	0.001	8,400	2.2	0.000	0.000	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
	6 < 11 yrs	0.000	0.001	4,600	1.1	0.000	0.000	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!


CRANK - Benefits

- Inputs only need to be entered once for a given scenario
- Accurate and efficient
- Easy re-analysis



CRANK - Drawbacks

- Development time
- Manual transfer of inputs and outputs
- Lots of data



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***Generating, Storing, and Presenting
Large Quantities of Risk Data
The CRANK/Dashboard Approach***

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Questions?

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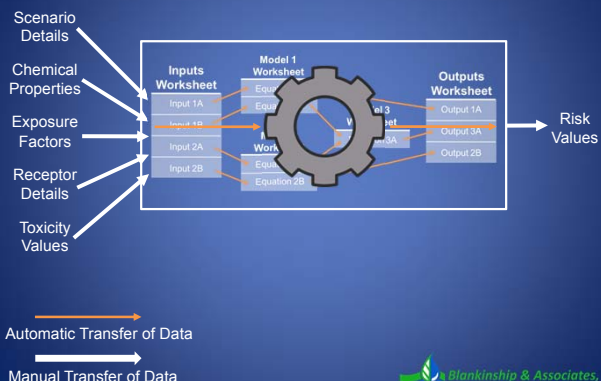


Generating, Storing, and Presenting
Large Quantities of Risk Data
The CRANK/Dashboard Approach

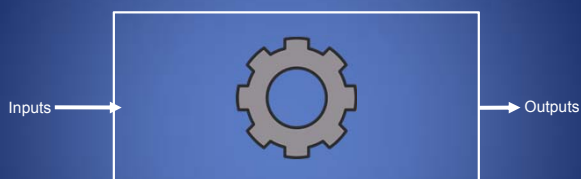
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The CRANK





The CRANK



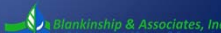
The CRANK

- **Pros:**
 - Allows for rapid automation and generation of risk assessment data
 - Generates large quantities of result data
- **Cons:**
 - Requires numerous inputs to perform a single model run
 - *Generates large quantities of result data*



 The CRANK 

- Pros:
 - Allows for rapid automation and generation of risk assessment data
 - Generates large quantities of result data
- Cons:
 - Requires numerous inputs to perform a single model run
 - Generates large quantities of result data


SOLUTION!




SOLUTION!

 ↔ 

Link to Access Database!




What can you *do* with an ACCESS DATABASE?




- Store Scenarios
- Store Inputs
- Store Results

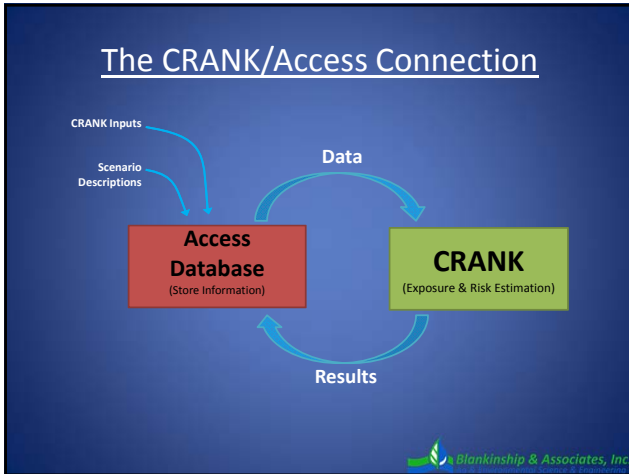


What are the *advantages* of ACCESS DATABASE?



- Reduce redundancy
- Centralized data repository
- Multiple User Accessible





Visual Basic
How Access & Excel communicate

Microsoft Excel
The backbone of the CRANK

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That's sure a lot of numbers...

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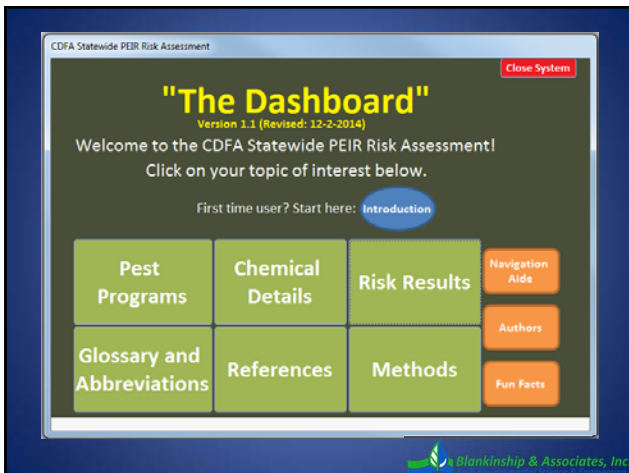
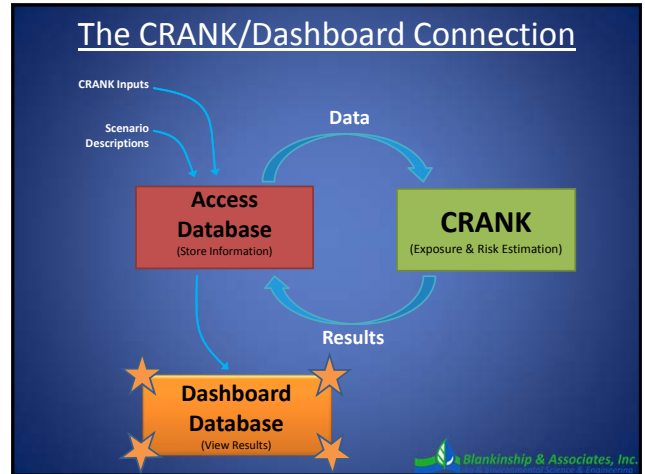
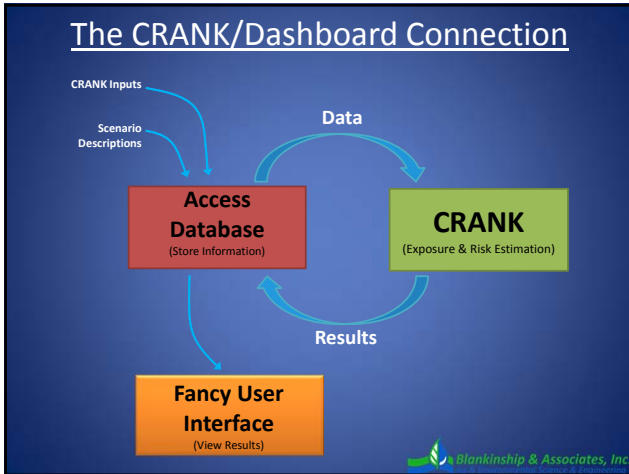
What else can you *do* with an ACCESS DATABASE?

- Ask It Questions!
- Display Results!*

*Through fancy User-Interfaces!

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The "Dashboard" Database

The screenshot displays several windows from the 'Dashboard' Database. Key elements include:

- Human Risk Output Summary:** A window showing a table of risk assessment results with columns for chemical name, dose, and risk score.
- Health Risk Summary:** A window providing a high-level overview of risk data.
- References:** A window listing relevant scientific or regulatory references.
- Chemical Structure:** A window showing the chemical structure of a specific compound.
- Navigation Buttons:** Various buttons for navigating between different data views and reports.




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The "Dashboard" Database

The screenshot displays the 'Introduction' page of the 'Dashboard' Database. Key elements include:

- Introduction:** A welcome message and overview of the database's purpose.
- What is the Dashboard?:** A section explaining the database's role in supporting risk assessment.
- How Do I Use the Dashboard?:** A section providing instructions on how to navigate the interface.
- Navigation Buttons:** A set of buttons for navigating between different sections like 'Introduction', 'Methods', 'Glossary and Abbreviations', and 'References'.
- Methods:** A section detailing the methodologies used in the risk assessments.
- Glossary and Abbreviations:** A section providing definitions for terms used throughout the database.

SUMMARY

- 
 Excel based mass models, such as the CRANK, allow for rapid automation and generation of risk assessment data
- 
 Access Databases provide an excellent solution to managing large quantities of scenario, input, and result data
- 
 Form based applications, such as the "Dashboard", allow users to access a mountain of information through an intuitive, interactive interface.

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Questions? =)

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